

Convective Phenomena in Rotating Annuli Heated on Periphery

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Results of time-accurate numerical simulation of 2D and 3D unsteady buoyancy-induced convection in rotating annular air-filled cavities heated on the periphery and cooled at the inner radius are presented. The cavity radial aspect ratio is equal to 0.35, the centrifugal Rayleigh number is ranged from $5E04$ to $5E07$. It has been established that at the Rayleigh numbers ranged from $2E05$ to $2E06$ stable flow regimes with two, four or six vortices can be obtained with the 2D formulation for an unlimited annulus. In a 3D configuration with two bounding adiabatic discs (axial ratio is equal 0.34), the two-vortex regime is inhibited, and possible regimes with four-vortex or six-vortex large-scale structures manifest a pronounced chaotic behavior at $Ra > 1E06$. For the 3D configuration, the Nusselt numbers are by 3 to 5% lower than for correspondent 2D solutions. The Nusselt numbers computed are in a good agreement with the experimental correlation.

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